



KONGSBERG

FSI EKSPORTKONTROLLSEMINAR

HOLMEN FJORDHOTELL

GDPR og eksportkontroll

13. mars 2019

Håkon Lindteigen, Vice President Corporate Compliance



KONGSBERG

Responsible Business Conduct



VALUES & CULTURE



COMPLIANCE



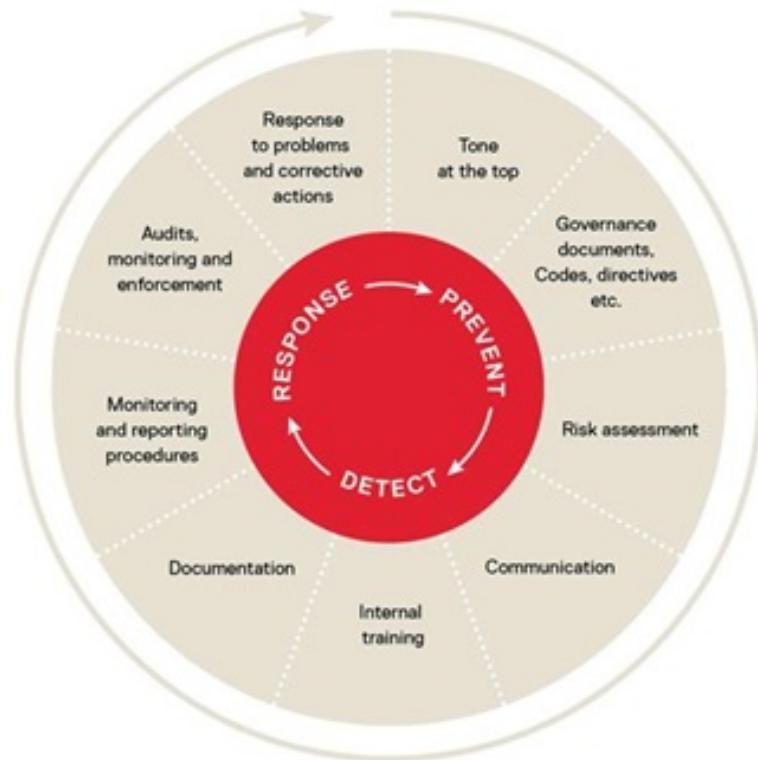
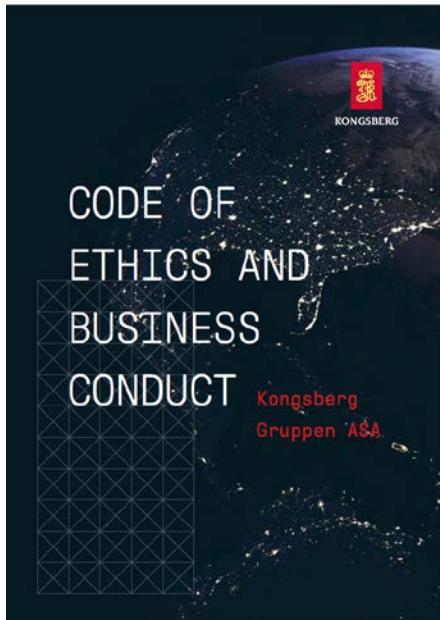
TECHNOLOGY & SUSTAINABILITY





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COMPLIANCE





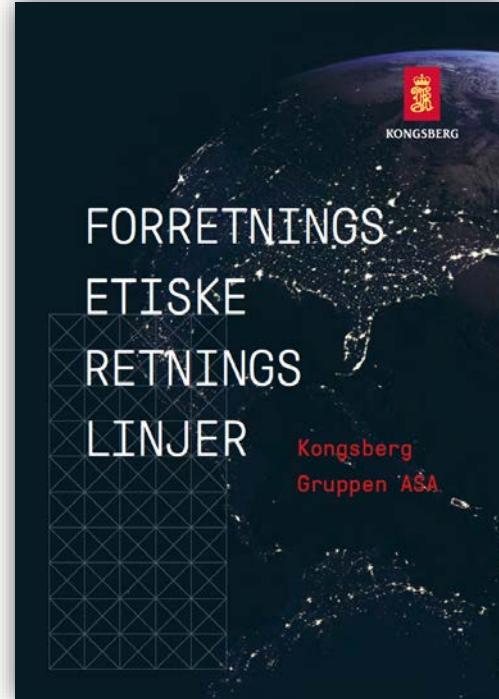
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Potensielle konflikter § vs. §

5.5 Handelsregler (Trade Regulations)

KONGSBERG forplikter seg til å følge alle gjeldende lover om eksport, import, transittering og handel i alle land der KONGSBERG driver virksomhet. Disse lovene omfatter lover om eksportforbud, sanksjoner, toll, merking av produkt/opprinnelsesland og antibokott. De ansatte må være oppmerksomme på og følge disse lovene og reguleringene i det daglige arbeidet.

Det er et særlig fokus på eksport av forsvarssystemer og annet militært utstyr, samt tilhørende teknologi og tjenester. I Norge, og i de fleste land der KONGSBERG opererer, kan utstyr, tjenester og teknologi som er underlagt eksportkontroll, bare eksporteres basert på en eksportlisens fra myndighetene. Sanksjoner kan gjelde uavhengig av eksportklassifisering, og kunde og parter som medvirker i transaksjonen, skal kontrolleres i forhold til sanksjoner og eksportforbud.



Lov om likestilling og forbud mot diskriminering (likestillings- og diskrimineringsloven)

Dato:	LOV-2017-06-16-51
Departement:	Barn- og likestillingsdepartementet
Sist endret:	LOV-2017-12-19-115 fra 01.01.2018
Ikrafttredelse:	01.01.2018
Endrer:	LOV-2013-06-21-58, LOV-2013-06-21-59, LOV-2013-06-21-60, LOV-2013-06-21-61
Kunngjort:	16.06.2017
Korttittel:	Likestillings- og diskrimineringsloven

5.9 Personvern

Innhenting og bruk av personopplysninger reguleres i stadig flere land. Et felles kjennetegn for disse landene er en strengere regulering av personopplysninger, som navn, bosted, kontaktinformasjon, både for ansatte, forbrukere og selskapsrepresentanter, i transaksjoner mellom bedrifter.

KONGSBERG skal håndtere personopplysninger i samsvar med gjeldende lover og bestemmelser. KONGSBERG vil behandle personopplysninger i henhold til relevante lover og reguleringer. Med personopplysninger menes alle opplysninger og vurderinger som kan knyttes til en enkeltperson, for eksempel en persons navn, adresse, telefonnummer, og epost adresse. Med prosessering menes enhver behandling av personopplysninger, herunder innhenting, opptak, lagring og deling av personopplysninger. Disse kravene vil gjelde for all ansatte i KONGSBERG samt kunder, kontraktsparter og andre.

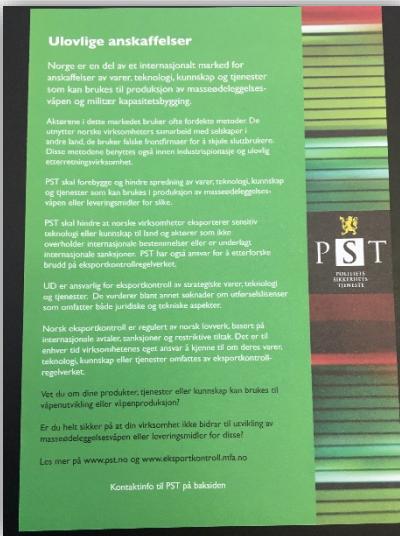




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Når må vi vurdere?

- Besøkende
- Ansettelse
- Undersøkelser rundt samarbeidspartnere/kunder (sanksjoner etc.)



Sanksjoner og tiltak

Les mer om sanksjoner og tiltak, og om eksport til Russland og Iran.



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General Data Protection Regulation - GDPR

- New EU Regulation
 - "GDPR" adopted in 2016, applicable from 25 May 2018 in EU
- Terms:
 - Personal data: any information relating to an identified or identifiable natural person
 - Controller: (normally the company) determining the purposes and means
 - Processor: processes personal data on behalf of the controller
 - Data subject: the individual whose personal data are being processed



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<https://youtu.be/j6wwBqfSk-o>

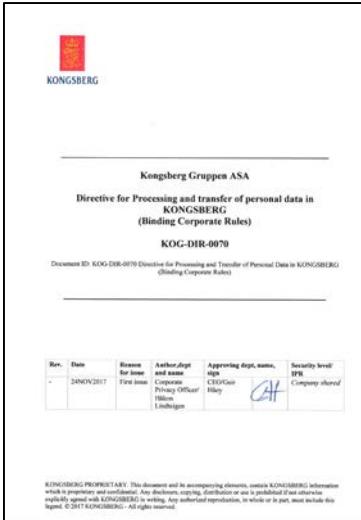


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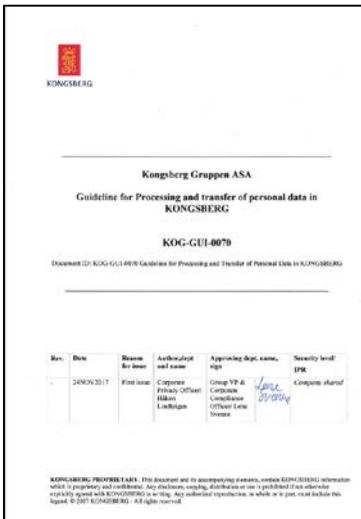
Important changes with GDPR

- Wider territorial scope
- "One stop shop" – Norwegian Data Protection Authority as lead authority
- New documentation requirements
 - Data protection impact assessment (DPIA)
 - Data protection by design and by default
 - Data Protection officer (DPO) – assessment, not mandatory for Kongsberg Gruppen with a formal DPO
- No longer notification and license requirements towards data protection authorities
- New and enhanced rights for data subjects
 - Information and consent
 - Data portability
 - Deletion "(right to be forgotten)"
 - Personal data breach notification to DPA and data subject
- Stricter financial sanctions (20 M EURO / 4 % of annual turnover)

PRIVACY – GOVERNING DOCUMENTS



- KOG DIR 0070 – BCR
 - «Processing and transfer of personal data in KONGSBERG»
 - Identical with the BCR application to Norwegian Data Protection Authority, «Datatilsynet».
 - ✓ Final application sent 31.8.17
 - ✓ Approved 01.02.18



- KOG GUI 0070 – Processing and transfer of personal data in KONGSBERG
 - Prepared to give KONGSBERG subsidiaries a «handbook» how to be compliant to the regulations – «how we work»
 - Operational requirements in BCR
 - Mandatory guideline to be followed



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Binding Corporate Rules

2. Description of Processing regulated by the BCR

KONGSBERG processes the following main categories of Personal Data, concerning Personnel, Customers, Suppliers and Business Partners for the following main purposes:

Data category	Purpose of Processing
HR management data (for example general contact information, salary information, CV, education level, performance reviews, recruitment information, union membership, bank account number, details of next of kin etc.)	Administer and manage all aspects of the Personnel relationship (including job applicants, former employees, temporary employees, apprentices, students, contractors, consultants, next of kin and dependants).
IT-administration data (for example electronic logs regarding an individual's use of IT-resources, user profile/account information etc.)	Support and manage information technology (IT) and information system (IS) administration and information security.
HSE data (for example data relating to HSE incidents and safety certificates)	Support and manage occupational health services and the registration, managing and reporting of health, service and environment (HSE) related information (incidents, issues etc.).
Planning, control data and HR reports (for example registration of hours worked, absences, holiday, overtime, employment history within KONGSBERG, gender, nationality and age)	Scheduling time tables, recording time, conducting surveys, controls and internal audits, statistics and analysis.
Background check, Integrity Due Diligence and security clearance data (for example name, gender, age, roles in companies, information available in public available sources)	Due diligence against anti-corruption laws and export controls, Integrity Due Diligence of business partners (including self-assessment and background check), processing of security clearance applications (for complying with legal obligations under the Security Act) and process requests for visits (visitors).
Video surveillance / activity logs (for example CCTV recordings and access logs)	Support and manage safeguarding against illegal or unauthorized entry into areas, buildings or rooms or to support the control of equipment and/or production processes.
Business-related data (for example business relations, business interest and security data)	Support and manage customer, supplier or partner relationships (internal/external), processing of personal data as part of provision of products and services to third parties, business operation and protection of business interests and security (e.g. information security, logging, conduct of audits and controls, surveys, analysis, reports and managing of daily operations and transactions/possible transactions involving KONGSBERG).
Complaints (for example name and contact information of complainant and contents of complaint)	Follow-up on complaints and concerns reported by Personnel to their supervisor or the Corporate Compliance Officer.

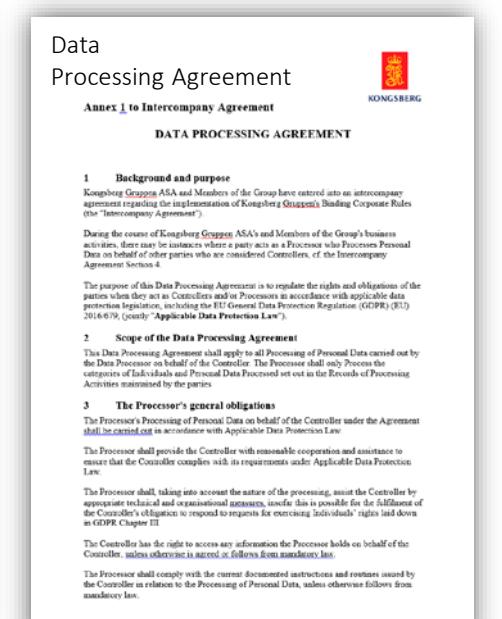
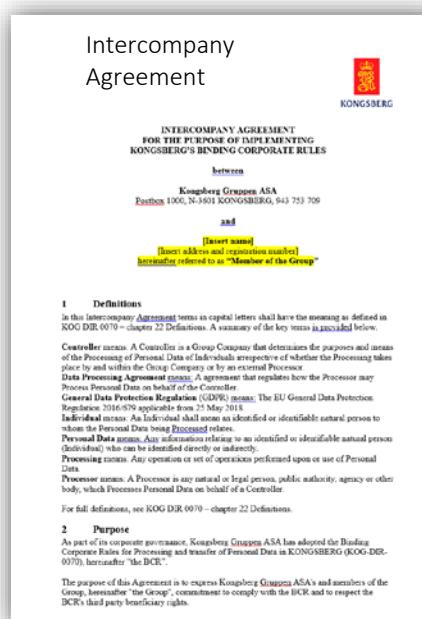
Background check, Integrity Due Diligence and security clearance data (for example name, gender, age, roles in companies, information available in public available sources)

Due diligence against anti-corruption laws and export controls, Integrity Due Diligence of business partners (including self-assessment and background check), processing of security clearance applications (for complying with legal obligations under the Security Act) and process requests for visits (visitors).



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BCR roll out in KONGSBERG



KM Record of personal data processing_Tmpl.xlsx [Read-Only] - Excel

Håkon Lindteigen

Records of processing / Inventory List

	Category of processing	Purpose of processing*	Storage time*	Internal IT systems	Security measures*	Information owner	Use of processor*	Transfer outside EEA?*	Joint controller*	Deviations	Comments	For sorting	Document/line - references
1	Type of processing of personal data	For what do we use the data?	How long shall the data be stored? Important input regarding storage limitation and to determine when personal data must be deleted or anonymized.	In what internal IT systems is the data stored? (Name of system as reflected in ControlManager) See column "Use of processor" for storage in external IT services (ok? If so, move external systems to control column)	See routines for information security (ISMS/ControlManager) Are there additional technical or organizational security mechanisms to ensure that the confidentiality, integrity, availability and resilience of the data is protected?	Which/what role has the responsibility for the personal data required for the purpose?	Is the data stored/transferred to service providers? Specify the name of the third party and IT system where applicable (E.g. EasyCruit, Deloitte).	Is the data stored/transferred to a 3rd country? Are there legal grounds? Ref KOG-GUA-0070 chapter 15.	Is the processing defined by another organisation/partner together with KMG?	Are there any deviations from the Norwegian records of processing? If yes, refer to separate sheet with deviating information.	Comments	Only for use for scoring during workshops	



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Diskrimineringslovgivning

Lov om likestilling og forbud mot diskriminering (likestillings- og diskrimineringsloven)

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Korttittel	Likestillings- og diskrimineringsloven

§ 30. Forbud mot innhenting av opplysninger i ansettelsesprosesser

Arbeidsgivere må ikke i ansettelsesprosessen, herunder under intervju eller på annen måte, innhente opplysninger om en søker

- a) graviditet, adopsjon eller planer om å få barn
- b) religion eller livssyn
- c) etnisitet
- d) funksjonsnedsettelse
- e) seksuelle orientering, kjønnsidentitet eller kjønnsuttrykk.

Innhenting av opplysninger om etnisitet, religion, livssyn, funksjonsnedsettelse og samlivsform er likevel tillatt hvis opplysningsene har avgjørende betydning for utøvelsen av arbeidet eller yrket.

Innhenting av opplysninger om søkerens samlivsform, religion eller livssyn er tillatt hvis virksomheten har som formål å fremme bestemte livssyn eller religiøse syn, og arbeidstakers stilling vil ha betydning for å gjennomføre formålet. Dersom slike opplysninger vil bli krevet, må dette oppgis i utlysningen av stillingen.

Kapittel 2 Forbud mot å diskriminere

§ 6. Forbud mot å diskriminere

Diskriminering på grunn av kjønn, graviditet, permisjon ved fødsel eller adopsjon, omsorgsoppgaver, etnisitet, religion, livssyn, funksjonsnedsettelse, seksuell orientering, kjønnsidentitet, kjønnsuttrykk, alder eller kombinasjoner av disse grunnlagene er forbudt. Med etnisitet menes blant annet nasjonal opprinnelse, avstamning, hudfarge og språk.



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Sak i Norge



GKN Aerospace på Kongsberg Industripark. Innfelt fotograf Tri Ngyen Dinh. Foto: Tri Ngyen Dinh

Fotograf nektet inngang til industribedrift på Kongsberg

Årsak? Fødeland: Vietnam. Redaktør Svein-Yngve Madsen reagerer. Sikkerhetssjef begrunner nekten med amerikanske regler.

Journalist nektet adgang til produksjonslokaler på grunn av nasjonal opprinnelse

A hevder han ble diskriminert av X da han ble nektet tilgang til virksomhetens lokaler på Kongsberg fordi han er født i Vietnam. A er journalist og skulle besøke virksomheten for å lage en reportasje. X viser til at virksomheten er bundet av International Traffic in Arms Regulations, og at de etter dette reglementet ikke hadde mulighet til å la personer som er født i Vietnam komme inn på området hvor virksomhetens produksjon foregår.

Likestillings- og diskrimineringsombudet har vurdert om A ble diskriminert på grunn av etnisitet, og kommet frem til at X ikke handlet i strid med diskrimineringsloven om etnisitet § 6 da A ble nektet tilgang til Xs produksjonslokaler.

- **Saksnummer:** 16/1817
- **Lovgrunnlag:** Diskrimineringsloven om etnisitet § 6
- **Dato for uttalelse:** 7. desember 2016



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Sak i USA

DOJ Settles with Honda Aircraft on Discrimination Claim Related to Export Controls

Earlier this month, the U.S. Department of Justice announced that it had reached a settlement with Honda Aircraft Company LLC in connection with allegations that Honda Aircraft engaged in unfair immigration-related discrimination against job applicants. Specifically, the DOJ alleged that Honda Aircraft, which manufactures and sells business jet aircrafts, violated the Immigration and Nationality Act's anti-discrimination provision (8 U.S.C. § 1324b) by publishing job announcements which specified that only applicants who are U.S. citizens or lawful permanent residents would be considered for employment in roles involving technical data and technology subject to the International Traffic in Arms Regulations ("ITAR") or the Export Administration Regulations ("EAR").

Although the ITAR and the EAR restrict foreign persons' access to certain export-controlled technical data and technology, the DOJ noted that those regulations do not authorize or require companies to hire only U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents. As the DOJ further explained, even the ITAR's definition of "U.S. Persons" extends beyond lawful permanent residents and U.S. citizens to also include U.S. nationals, refugees, and asylees. See ITAR § 120.15; 8 U.S.C. § 1101(a)(20); 8 U.S.C. § 1324b(a)(3). Pursuant to the settlement agreement, Honda Aircraft agreed to pay a civil penalty of \$44,626 and to implement remedial measures, such as amending its internal hiring policies and ensuring that all its employees involved in hiring or recruiting receive non-discrimination training.

The screenshot shows the official website of the United States Department of Justice. At the top, the seal of the Department of Justice is displayed next to the text "THE UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE". Below the seal, there is a navigation menu with links for "ABOUT", "OUR AGENCY", "PRIORITIES", "NEWS", "RESOURCES", and "CAREER". Under the "NEWS" section, there is a sub-section titled "JUSTICE NEWS". In the center of the page, there is a news article with the following details:

Department of Justice
Office of Public Affairs

FOR IMMEDIATE RELEASE Friday, February 1, 2019

Justice Department Settles Immigration-Related Discrimination Claim Against Honda Aircraft Company LLC

The Justice Department today reached a settlement agreement with Honda Aircraft Company LLC (Honda Aircraft), a wholly owned subsidiary of American Honda Motor Co. Inc., and subsidiary of Honda Motor Co. Ltd., that manufactures and sells business jet aircrafts. The settlement resolves a claim that Honda Aircraft, headquartered in Greensboro, North Carolina, refused to consider or hire certain work-authorized non-U.S. citizens because of their citizenship status, in violation of the Immigration and Nationality Act's (INA) anti-discrimination provision.

The Department's independent investigation determined that between August 2015 and December 2016, Honda Aircraft published at least 25 job postings that unlawfully required applicants to have a specific citizenship status to be considered for the vacancies. The Department concluded that the company's unlawful practice of restricting job vacancies to U.S. citizens and in some cases, to U.S. citizens and lawful permanent residents (LPR), was based on a misunderstanding of the requirements under the International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR) and the Export Administration Regulations (EAR). The discriminatory job postings were published on Honda Aircraft's website and several third-party websites.



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ITAR brudd

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF STATE
Directorate of Defense Trade Controls

Understand The ITAR Conduct Business ITAR Compliance Country Policies Support News & Events About DDTC

Home > Maintain Compliance > DDTC Compliance Actions > Penalties & Oversight Agreements

Penalties & Oversight Agreements

Pursuant to the International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR) §127.10, the Assistant Secretary for Political-Military Affairs is authorized to impose civil penalties for violations of the Arms Export Control Act (AECA) and the ITAR. Imposition of civil penalties generally includes the payment of fines to the U.S. Treasury and a Consent Agreement, under which the company is required to institute enhanced compliance measures. The Consent Agreement outlines the measures required to enhance compliance programs.

2018	FLIR Systems, Inc.	FLIR Systems, Inc. settled allegations that it violated the International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR) in connection with unauthorized exports of defense articles, including technical data; the unauthorized provision of defense services; violation of the terms of provisos or other limitations of license authorizations; and the failure to maintain specific records involving ITAR-controlled transactions. FLIR's alleged unauthorized exports also included the retransfer of ITAR-controlled technical data and provision of defense services to dual-national employees of Iran, Iraq, Lebanon, and Cuba to which the United States restricts exports of defense articles and defense services.	(PDF, 3.93MB)	(PDF, 4.25MB)	(PDF, 632KB)
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I. Unauthorized Exports to Foreign-Person Employees

Between April 3, 2008 and August 24, 2012, Respondent submitted four (4) voluntary disclosures describing the unauthorized export of technical data and defense articles; and unauthorized provision of defense services involving the design, manufacture, and sale of thermal imaging camera systems then controlled by USML Category XII to dual national/third country national ("DN/TCN") employees from over 15 countries, including Iran, Iraq, and Lebanon, that were prohibited destinations pursuant to 22 CFR § 126.1 at the relevant time. Violations were disclosed as having occurred at the company's domestic and overseas locations. In reliance on the reported remedial measures to prevent recurrence, DDTC closed the voluntary disclosure cases without imposing a civil penalty.



KONGSBERG



AIM Norway visitor information request
To be used according to procedure ITC-Co.01

Dear Visitor,

In order to validate your visit to AIM Norway we need the following information from you.
Please indicate official information as referenced in your ID or Passport:

NAME :	Ano
SURNAME :	Nym
DATE OF BIRTH :	12.01.2000
NATIONALITY:	Gammlastan
OTHER CITIZENSHIPS:	St. Claus & Bevis

COMPANY NAME :	Dontrustme Inc.
COUNTRY:	Paradise Island

Please note that AIM Norway recognizes and respects the importance of your privacy. The requested sign-in information will be used to manage and validate your visit to AIM Norway. In order to comply with Norwegian, U.S. and similar laws in other countries, we must review your name, nationality and, if needed, company via a website listing denied-access persons or companies. The ITC Department will use this information only for this purpose and will not share it with any third party unless required by law. This information will be retained it in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Your provision of the information and your signature constitute your consent for us to use it for this purpose. Please sign this form, scan it and send it back to AIM Norway by e-mail.

You are free not to provide this information, but in that case, you will not be able to enter AIM Norway's facilities. If you have questions about your Privacy, please contact the ITC Department or the host of your visit.

Thank you for your cooperation

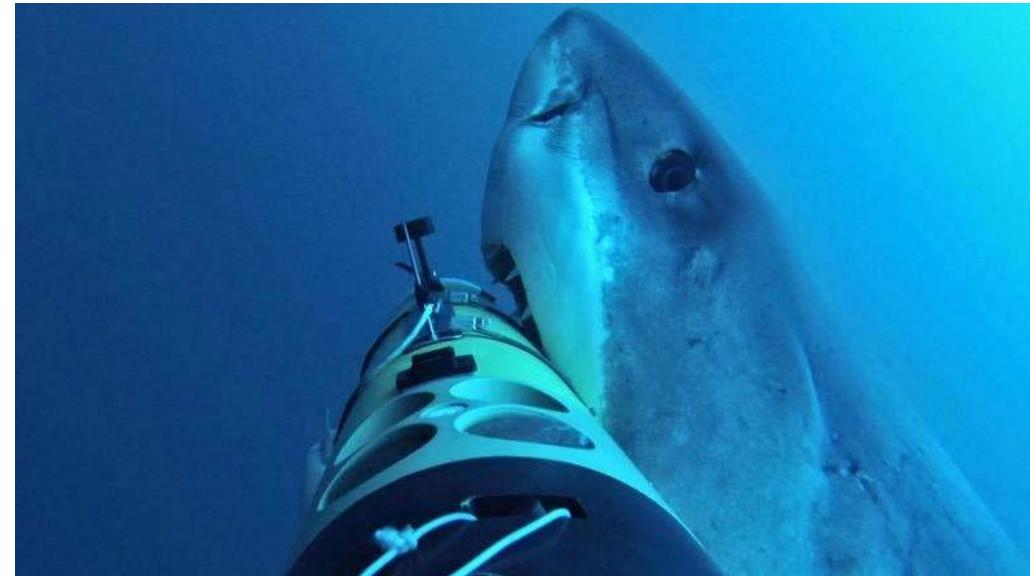
Date:

Signature:.....



KONGSBERG

Remember there are sharks out there



<https://vimeo.com/172436720>



KONGSBERG

Takk

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